Marcelo N. Rivolta

Centre for Stem Cell Biology. Department of Biomedical Science The University of Sheffield. Reino Unido



- Director de laboratorio en el Centro de Biología de Células Madre de la Universidad de Sheffield
- Dedicado al estudio pionero de las células madre humanas y sus posibles aplicaciones terapéuticas para la sordera
- Recientemente su laboratorio identificó y aisló por vez primera una población de células madres cocleares humanas (hFASCs)



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Aplicación experimental de las células madre en el tratamiento de la sordera: estado actual y nuevas perspectivas

Experimental application of stem cells for the treatment of deafness: state of the art and new perspectives



Experimental Application of Stem Cells for the Treatment of Deafness: State of the Art and New Perspectives

Marcelo N. Rivolta

Centre for Stem Cell Biology and Dept of Biomedical Sciences





Isolation of human auditory stem cells

- The need for model systems to study human auditory biology
 - Physiology, Gene function
- In vitro systems for toxicity assays and to facilitate drug discovery
- Direct therapeutic application (cell replacement)



Pluripotent Stem Cells

(Embryonic Stem Cells)











•The bone marrow is one of the adult organs with larger number of stem cells, although with a limited potential (multipotents)





Generation of iPS cells (induced pluripotency)





Isolation of human auditory stem cells

 Multipotent auditory stem cells from human fetal tissues (hFASCs)

Wei Chen

- Step-wise differentiation of auditory phenotypes from hES cells
 - Wei Chen, Nop Jong, Jo Thurlow, Sarah Jacob, Leila Abbas
- And from induced-Pluripotent stem cells (iPSCs)
 - Ricardo Romero
- Phenotypic conversion of adult stem cells (i.e. bone marrow MSCs)

Wei Chen, Ricardo Romero, Sarah Boddy

Isolation of auditory stem cells from the fetal cochlea

Chen et al. (2007) *Hearing Res* 233:23-29 Chen et al. (2009) *Stem Cells* 27:1196-1204.



View of a 9-10 weeks old human cochlea



(Adapted from M. Lavigne-Rebillard, http://www.cochlea.org/)





Serum-free conditions support the culture of hFASCs





hFASCs express stem cell and progenitor markers















RT-PCR profile of lineage markers of differentiating hFASCs





The neuralizing protocol induced bipolar cells that displayed potassium delayed rectifiers and voltage-gated sodium

currents





Johnson, Marcotti

After inducing hair cell differentiation, cells displayed inward potassium and calcium currents, characteristics of hair cells





Johnson, Marcotti

Derivation of Otic Progenitors from Human Embryonic Stem Cells (hESCs)





Embryos created by IVF have pluripotent stem cells



Fgf3 and Fgf10 are necessary for otic placode specification in mice



Wright and Mansour, Development 130, 3379 2003











Two types of colonies are induced: Otic Epithelial progenitors (hOEPs) and Otic Neuroprogenitors (hONPs)





Generation of hair cell and neuronal phenotypes from hESC-OEPs and hESC-ONPs

C)



Neuronal differentiation from hESC-induced otic progenitors



Hair Cell differentiation from hESC-induced otic progenitors





Apical differentiation of a proto stereociliary bundle





Functional properties of hESC-derived hair cells and neurons





Johnson, Kuhn and Marcotti

Transplantation into a model of auditory neuropathy

Application of ouabain into the RW of gerbils produce the death of spiral ganglion neurons (Schmiedt et al 2002; Lang et al 2005, 2008)



Comparison between Ouabain Treated and Untreated Cochlea



Persistence of Hair cells in Ouabain treated cochlea



Ouabain induces apoptotic cell death in type I spiral ganglion neurons.

Induction of Otic Neuroprogenitors from <u>hESCs</u>





Population Doublings of hESC-derived ONPs









DPOAE pre and post treatment showing preservation of the organ of Corti







Detailed view of ectopic ganglion











Fibers projecting from the transplanted cells towards the OC













In summary...

- We have established several lines of human auditory stem cells that have the potential to generate sensory cell types in vitro.
- Inner ear progenitors can be derived from hESCs by using a protocol that resembles normal development. These progenitors have the capacity to differentiate into sensory hair cells-like cells and neurons in vitro and in vivo and are beginning to show the potential to induce functional recovery.





•Leila Abbas •Jo Thurlow •Sara Boody •Ricardo Romero •Sarah Jacob Eshtan •Darrell Barrell

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