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- Pionero en la implantación coclear pediátrica bilateral simultánea y secuencial a corto plazo
- Director del programa de implantes cocleares pediátricos, The Hospital for Sick Children
- Numerosas contribuciones sobre la técnica y resultados de la implantación coclear pediátrica

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Implantes cocleares bilaterales simultáneos
y secuenciales a corto plazo en niños pequeños

*Simultaneous and short sequential bilateral
cochlear implants in infants*

Fully Awakening the Developing Auditory System: Bilateral Cochlear Implantation In Children



Blake C. Papsin



Detección, Diagnóstico Y Tratamiento Precoz de la Sordera en la Infancia, Madrid – Feb. 22, 2008

Cochlear Implant Research Team

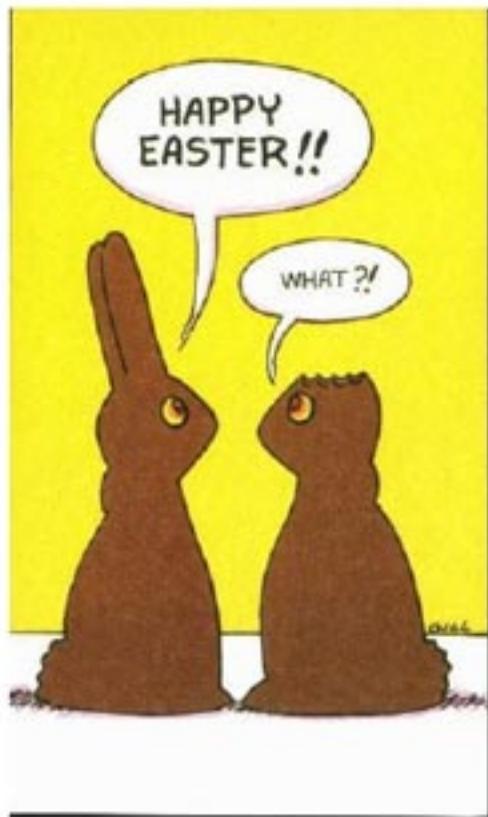
- Susan Blaser
- Paulo Campisi
- Ruth Chia
- Mark Crawford
- Sharon Cushing
- Taryn Davids
- Mary Lynn Feness
- Karen Gordon
- Nancy Greenwald-Hood
- Bob Harrison
- Adrian James
- Stephanie Jewell
- Clara Kluge
- Phillip Lai
- Laurie MacDonald
- Talar Misakyan
- Vicky Papaioannou
- Evan Propst
- Claire Salloum
- Gina Sohn
- Tracey Stockley
- Sho Tanaka
- Cory Torgerson
- Sandra Trehub
- Jerome Valero
- Daniel Wong



Introduction

- pediatric deafness
 - physiological context
 - critical periods
 - hearing screening

- awakening the auditory system
 - safe surgery
 - binaural hearing
 - binaural fusion



The Physiologic Context

- 2-4 children/1000 have sensorineural hearing loss
- average age of detection was 18-30 months

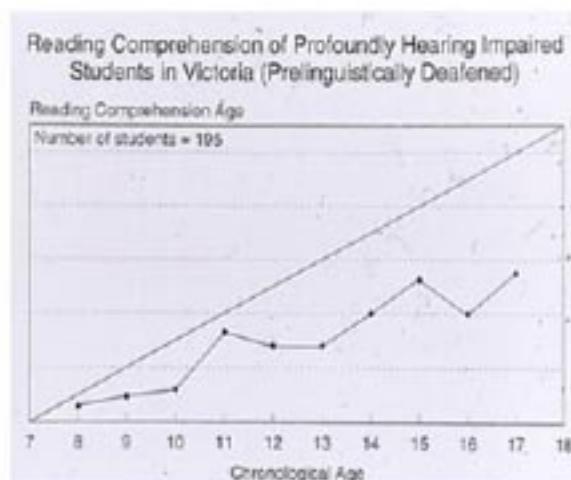
early detection

early habilitation

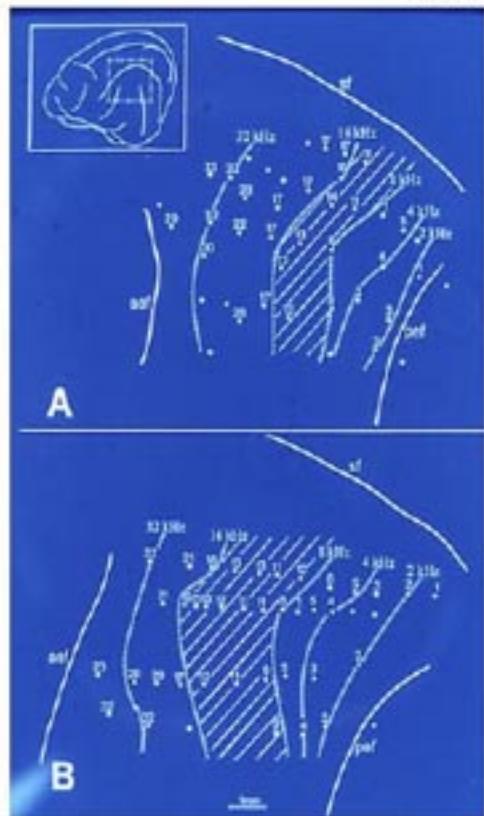
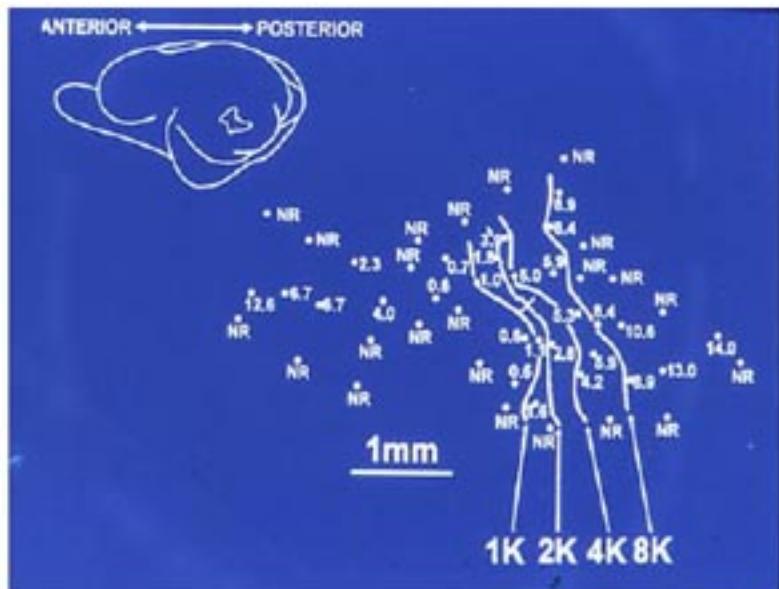
better outcome

Pediatric Deafness

- poorer school performance
- difficulty obtaining oralism
- limits (?):
 - education
 - employment
 - socialization

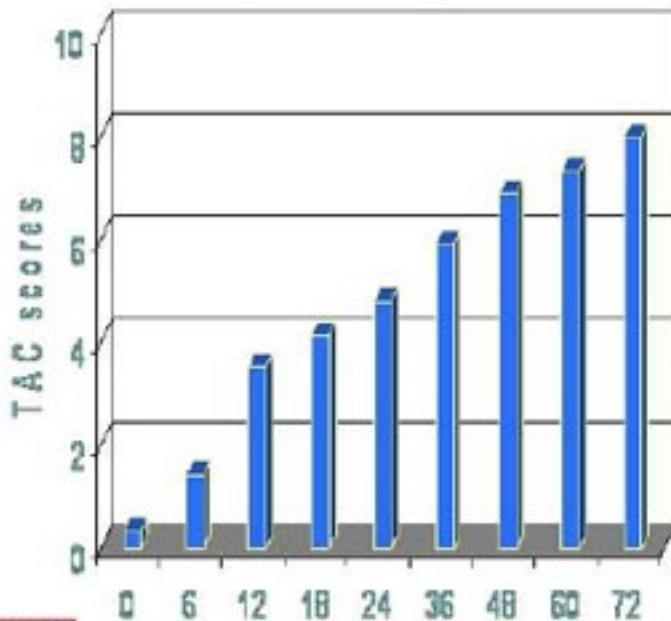


“Critical Periods”

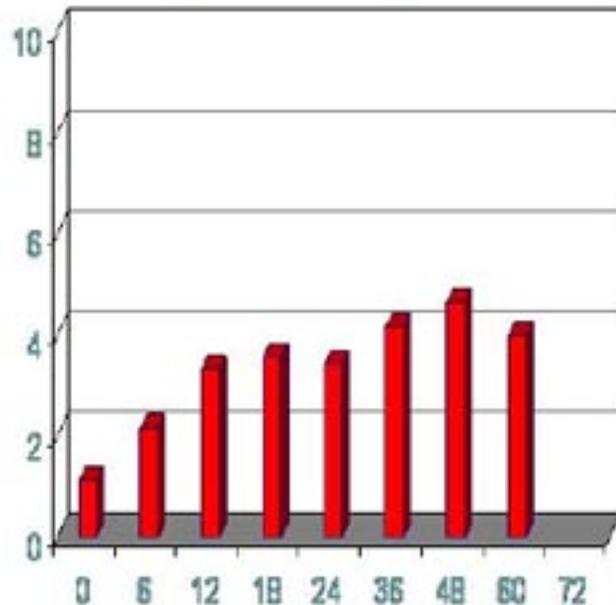


TAC scores as a function of age of implantation

< 6 yrs. at implantation

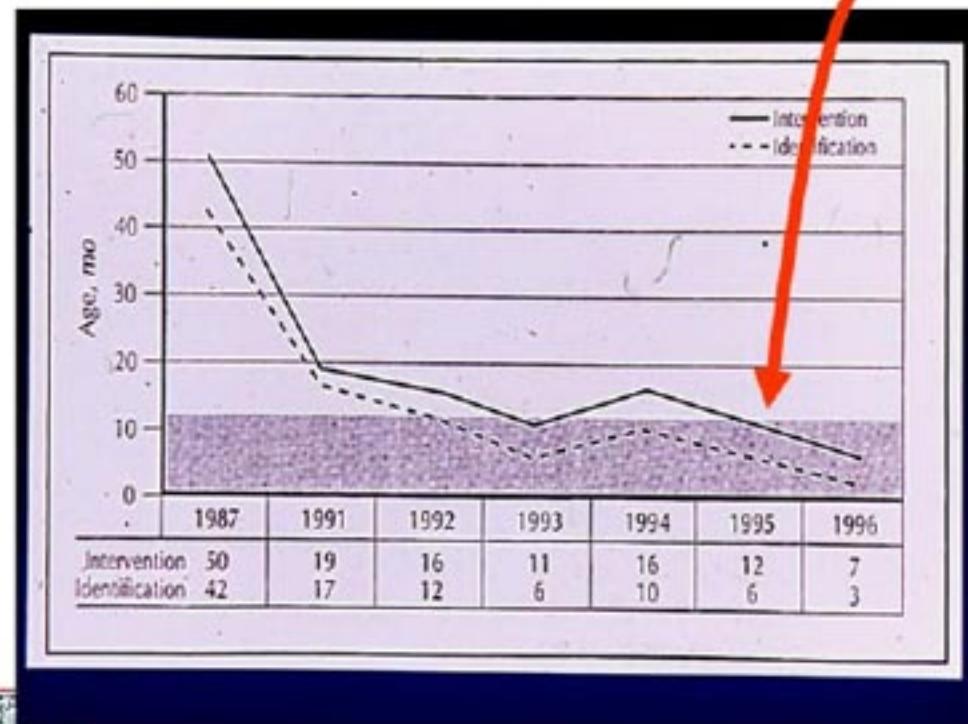


> 6 yrs. at implantation

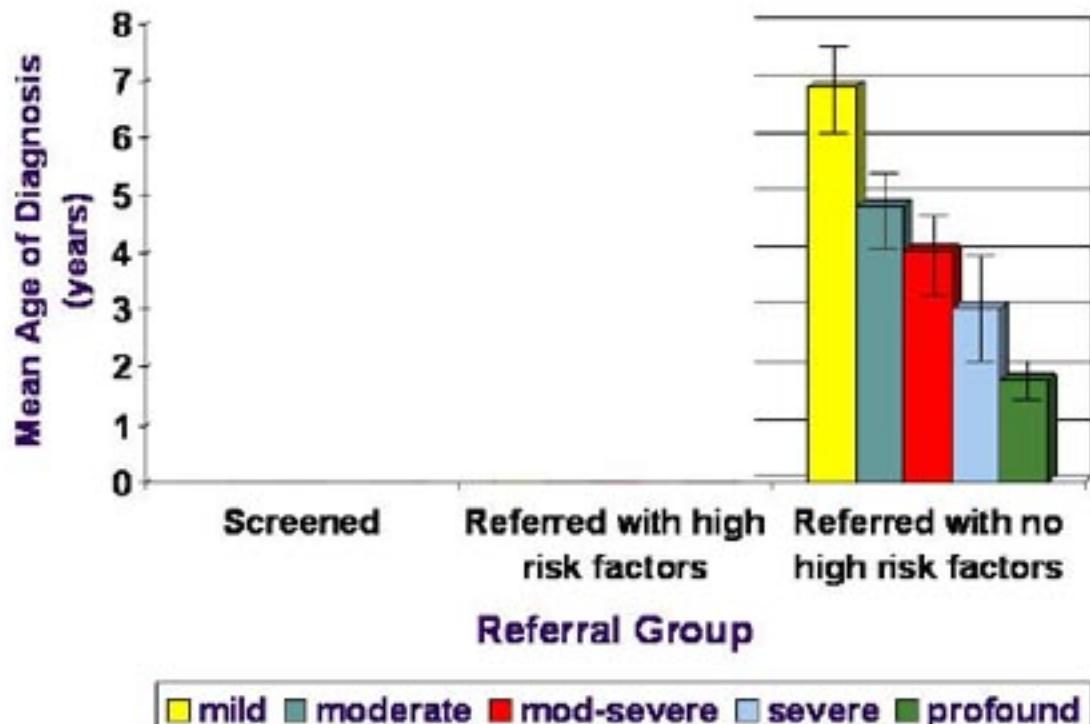


Time after implantation in months

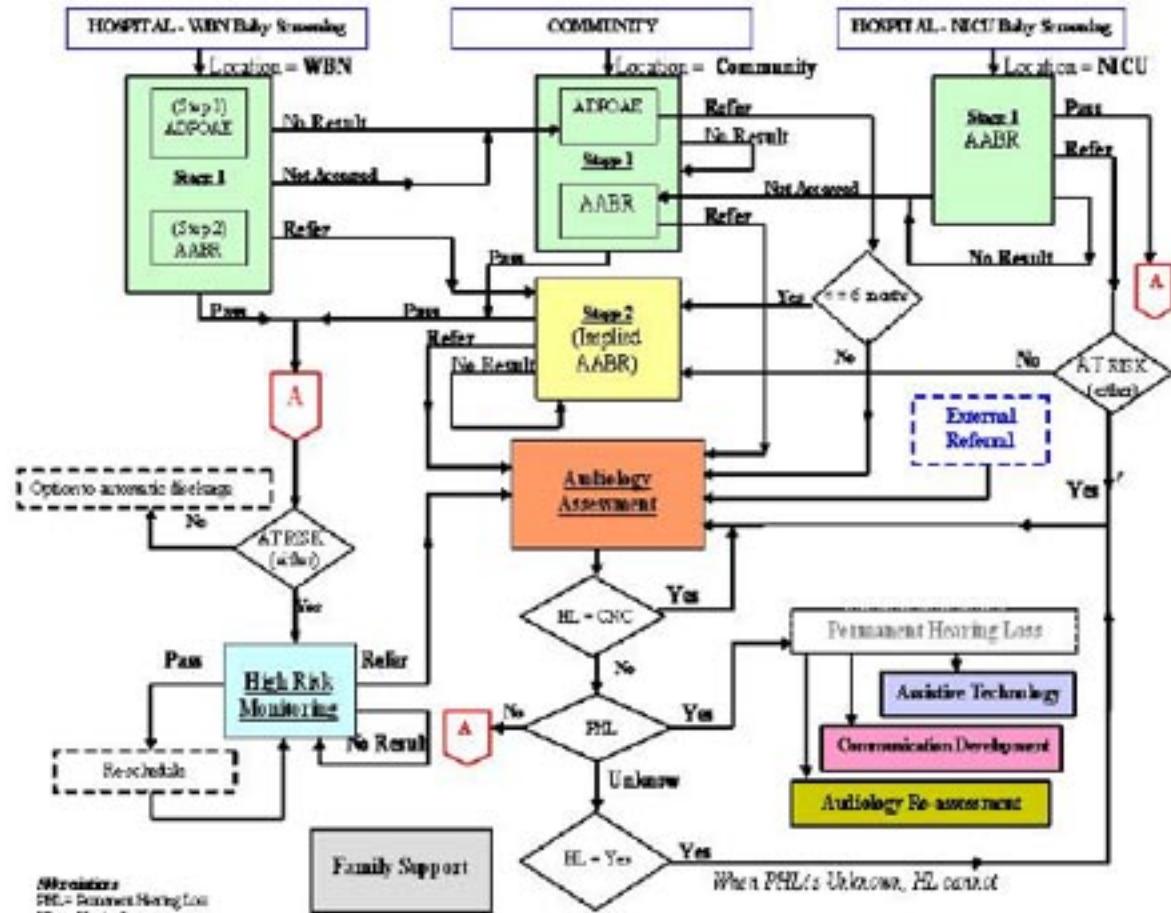
Early Detection of Hearing Loss



Age at diagnosis, by severity & route to diagnosis (N=613 with HAs)

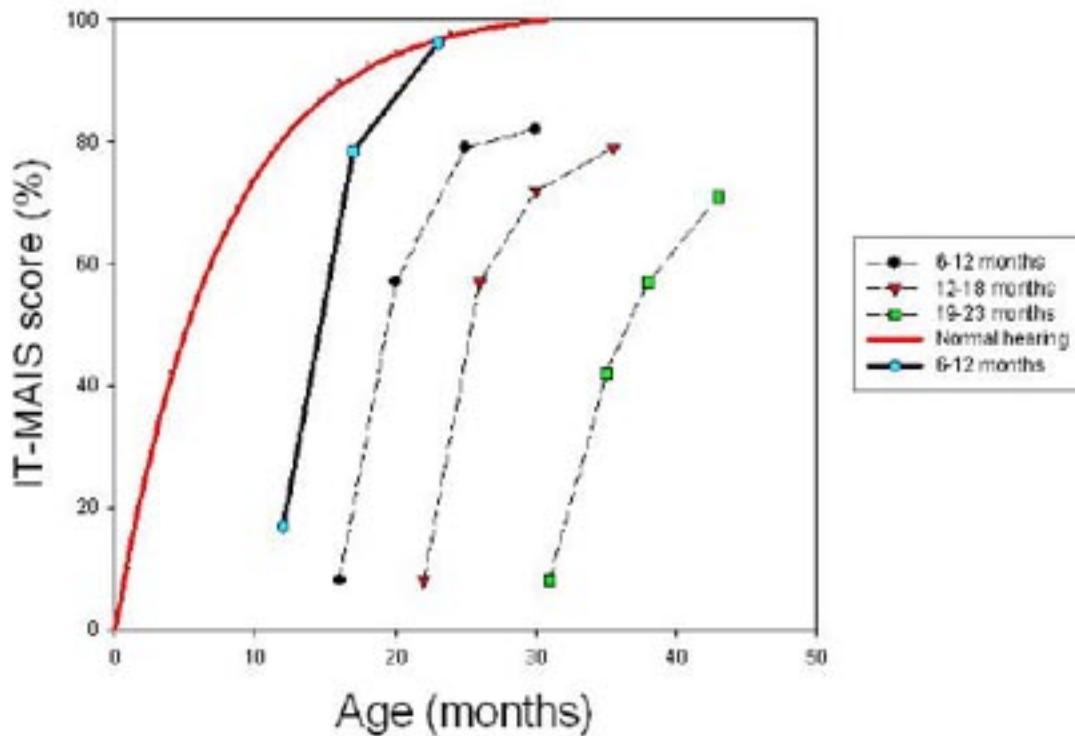


Infant Hearing Program

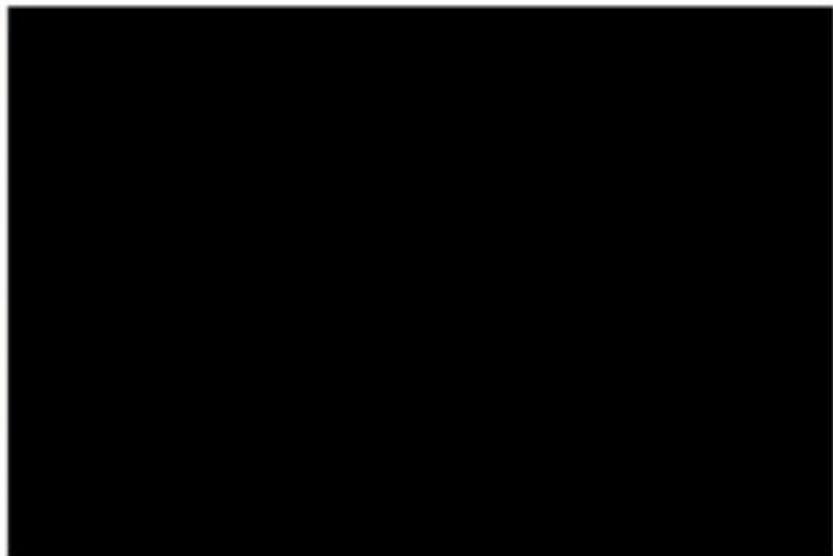
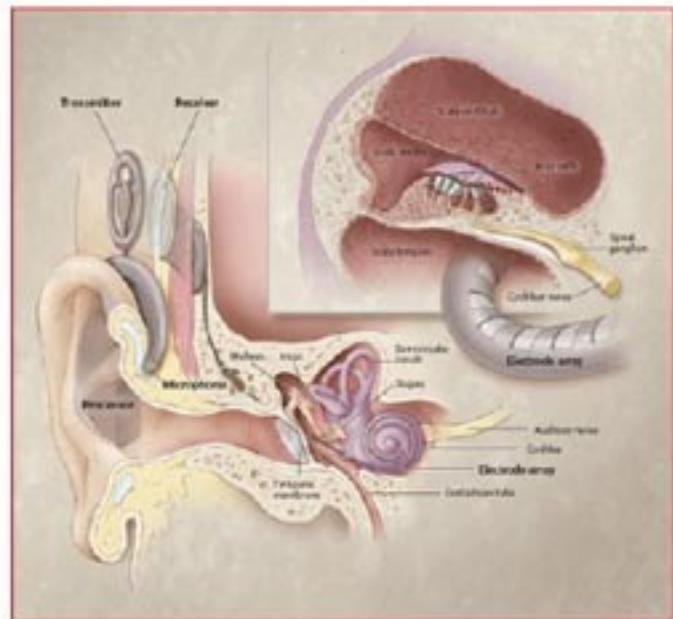


Capitalizing on Plasticity

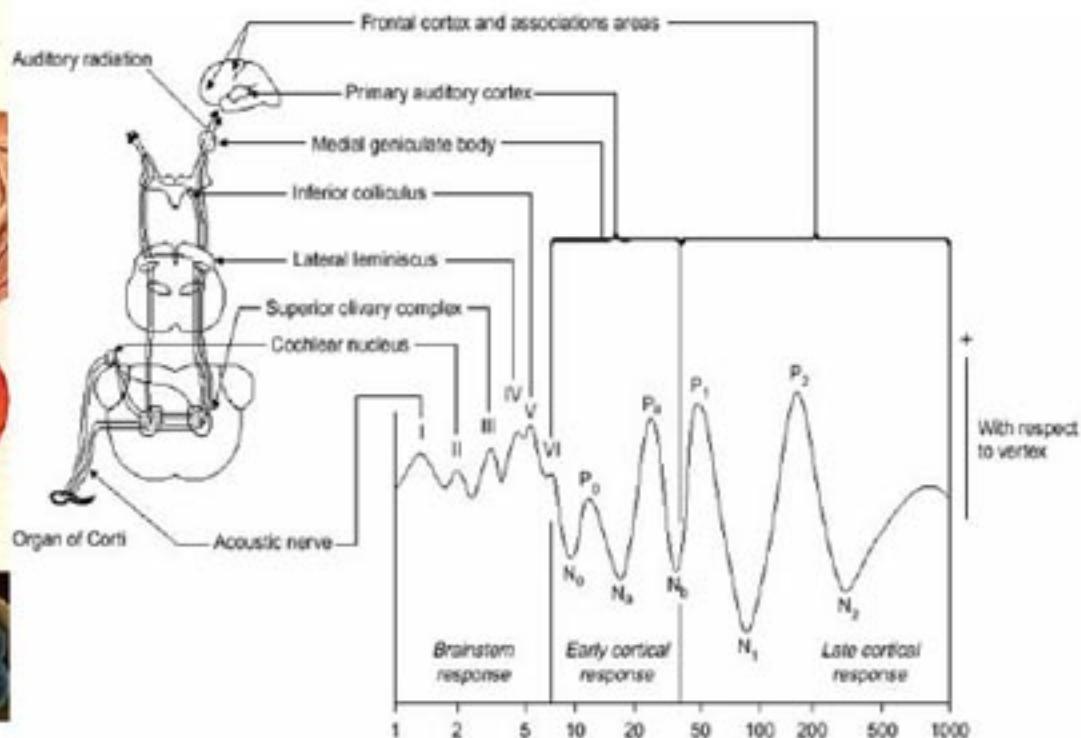
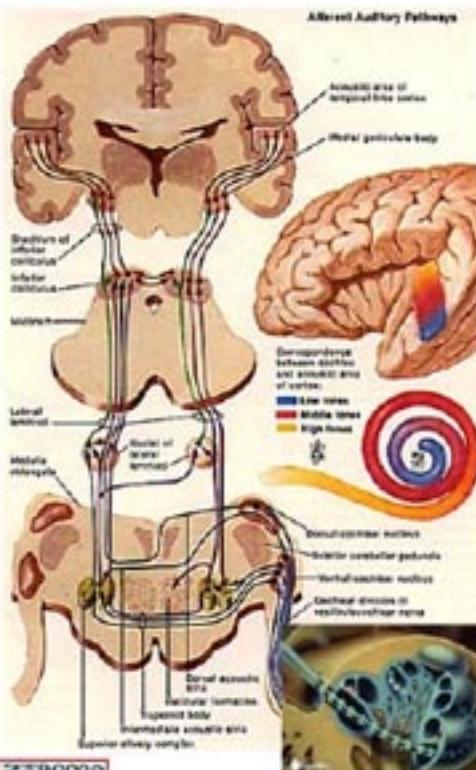
McConkey Robbins 2004 + HSC unpublished

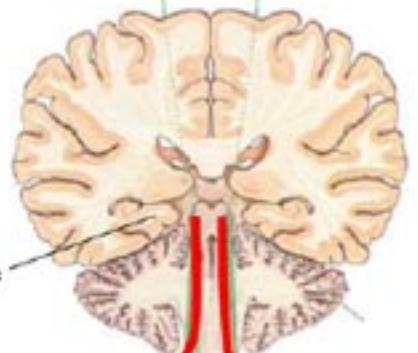
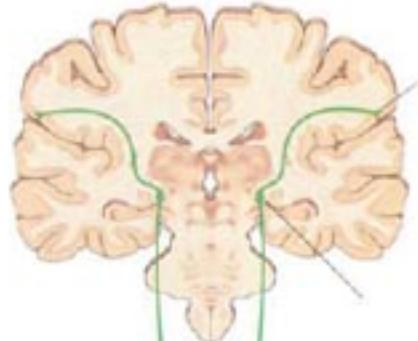


Cochlear Implant



Electrophysiology of the Auditory System for Pediatricians





Inferior Colliculus

Lateral Lemniscus (V)

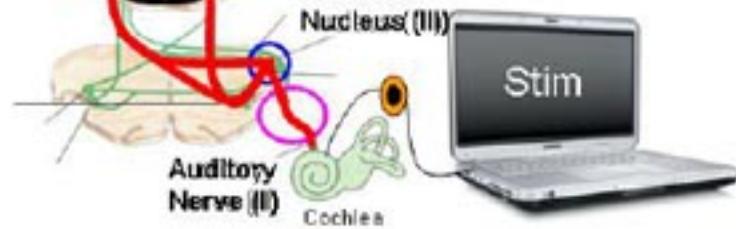
Cochlear Nucleus (III)

Superior Olivary Nucleus

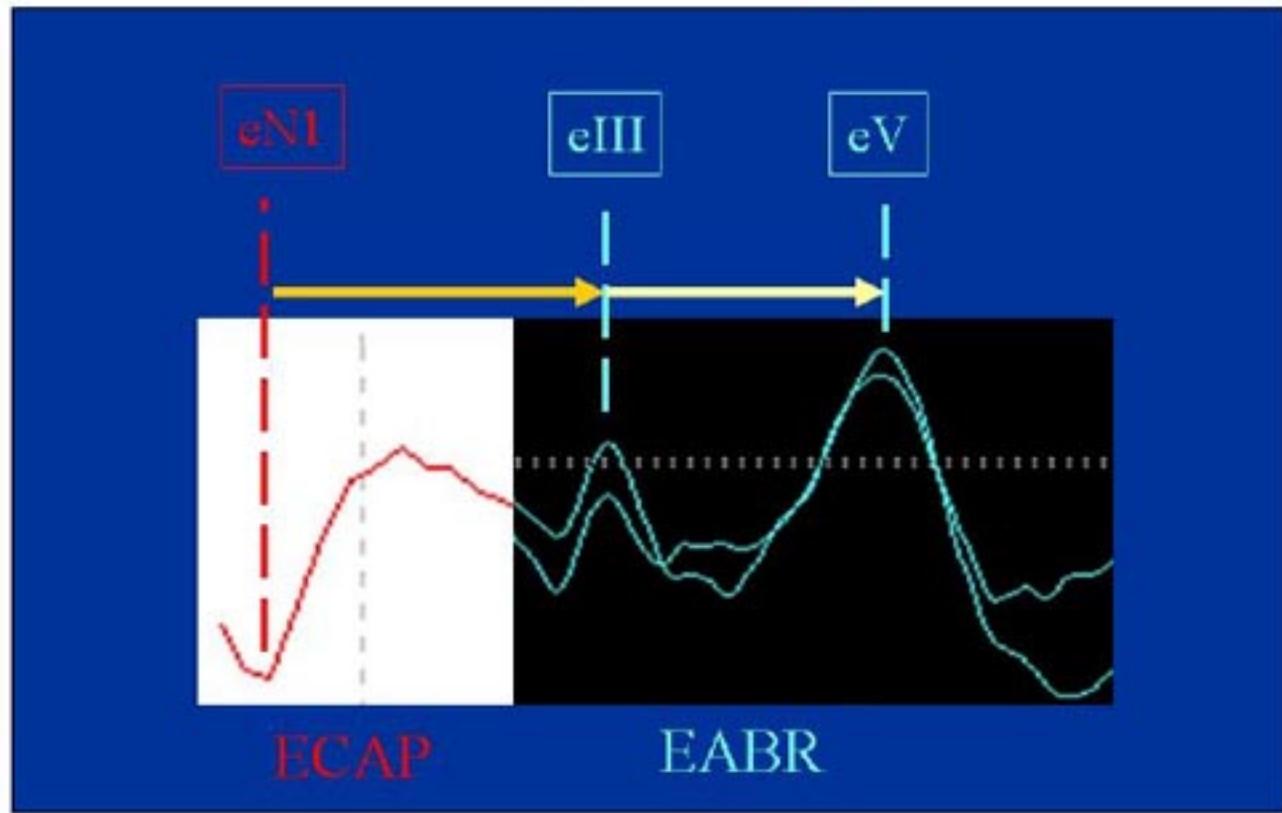
Auditory Nerve (II)

Stim

Cochlea

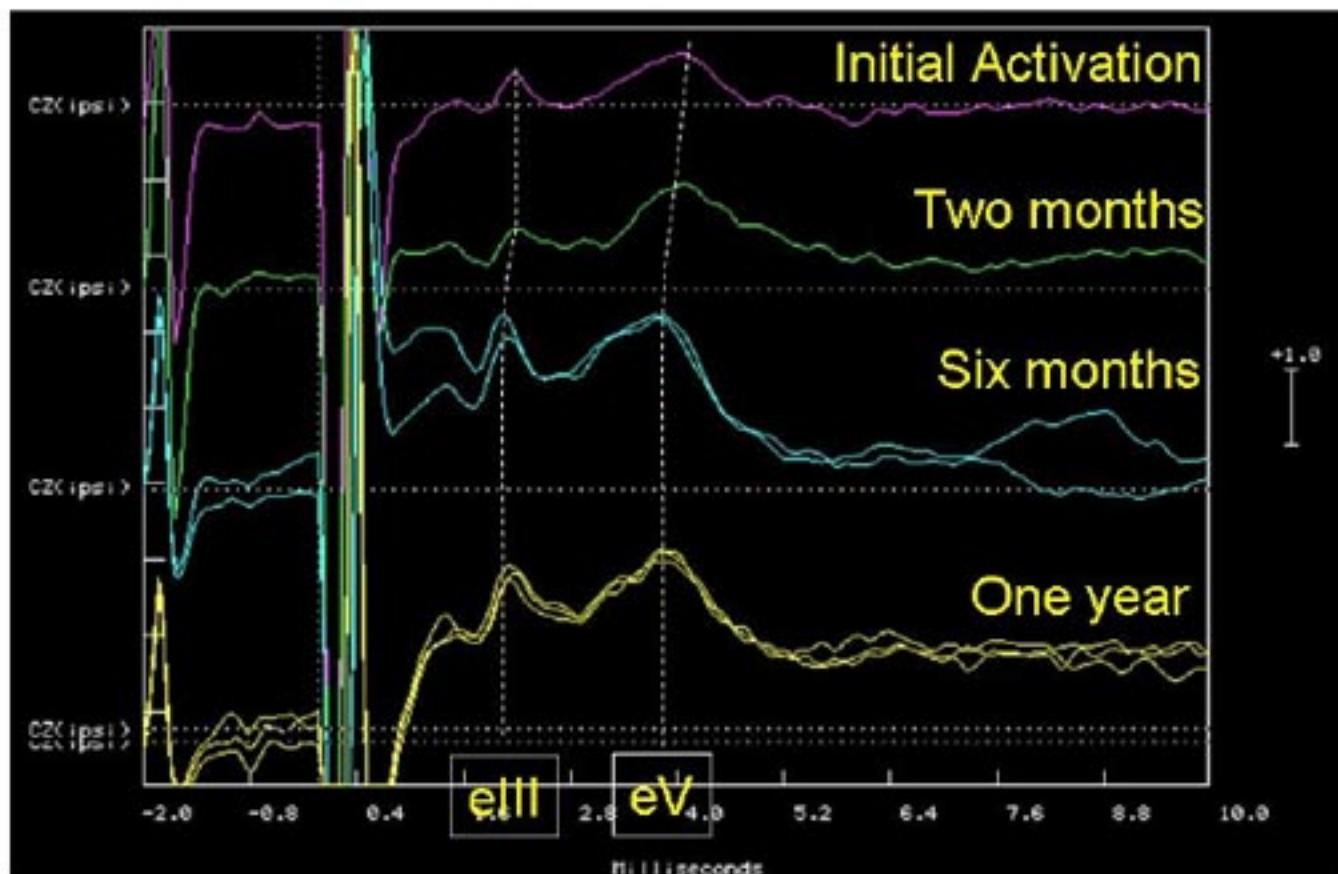


Interwave Latency Changes

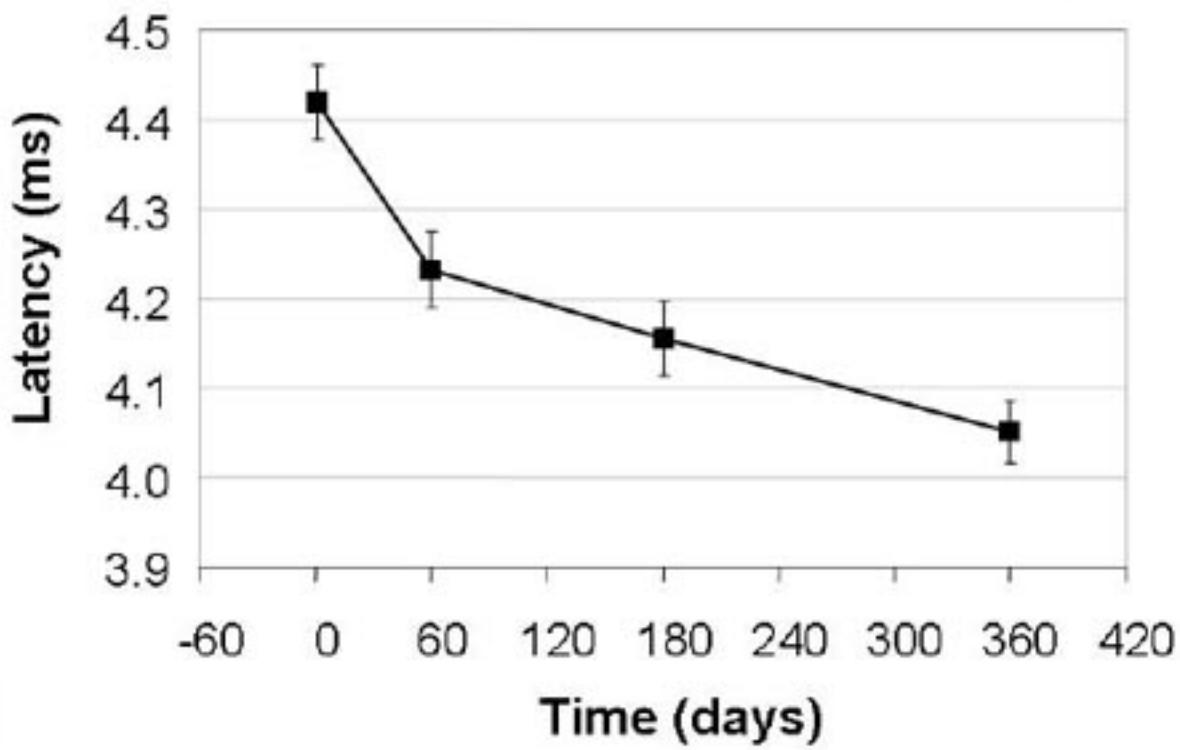


EABR Over Time

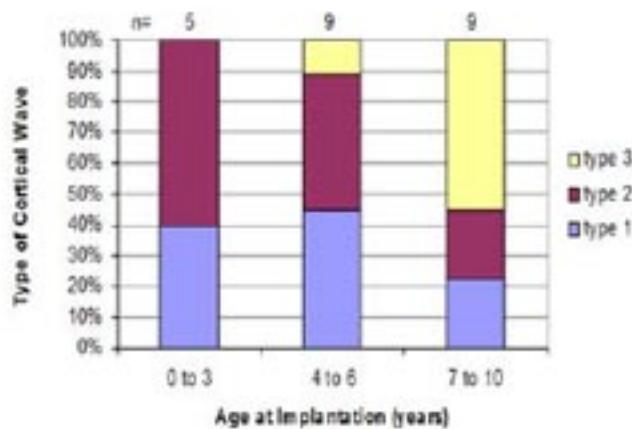
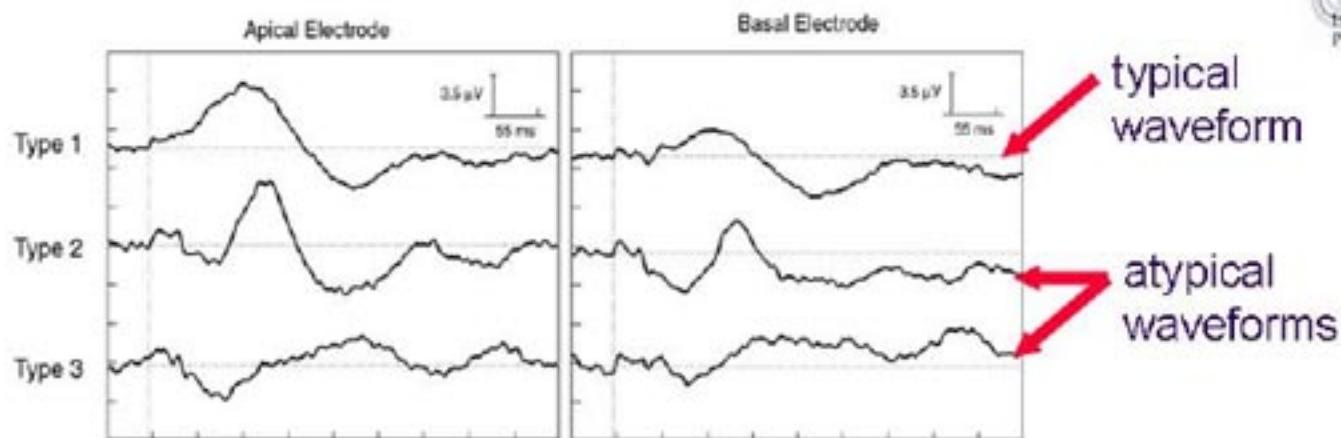
(age 22 months at implant)



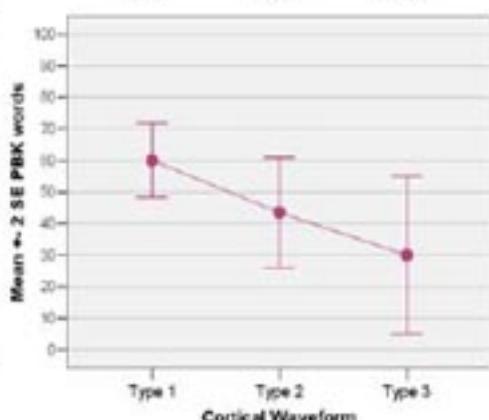
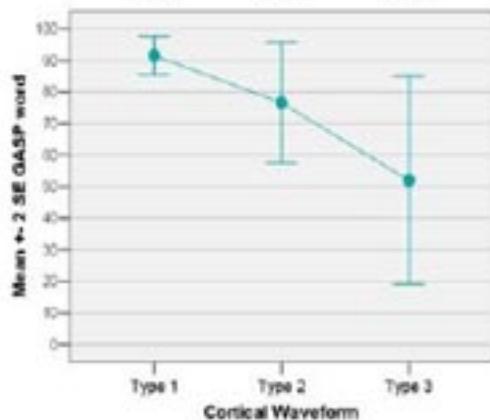
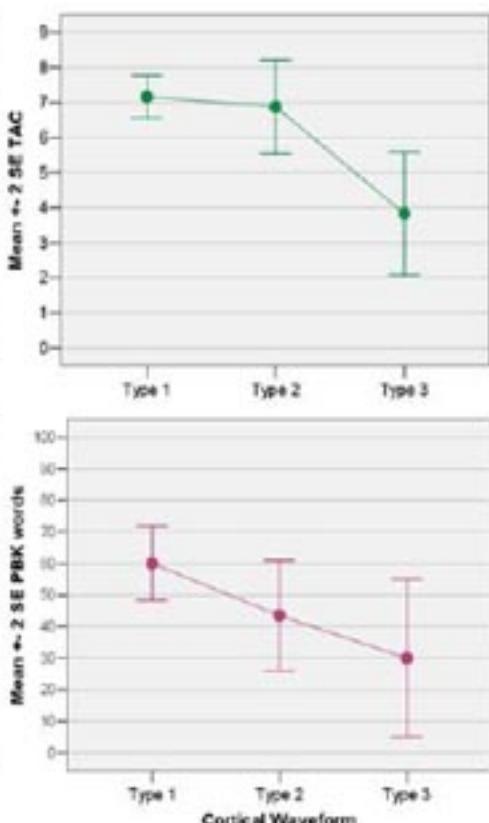
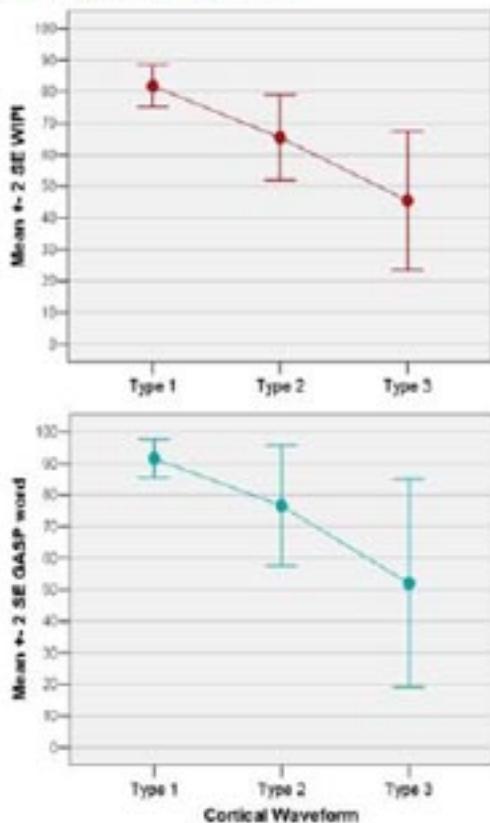
EABR Wave eV Latency Changes



Cortical Responses to Cochlear Implantation



Atypical Cortical Responses and Outcome After Cochlear Implantation

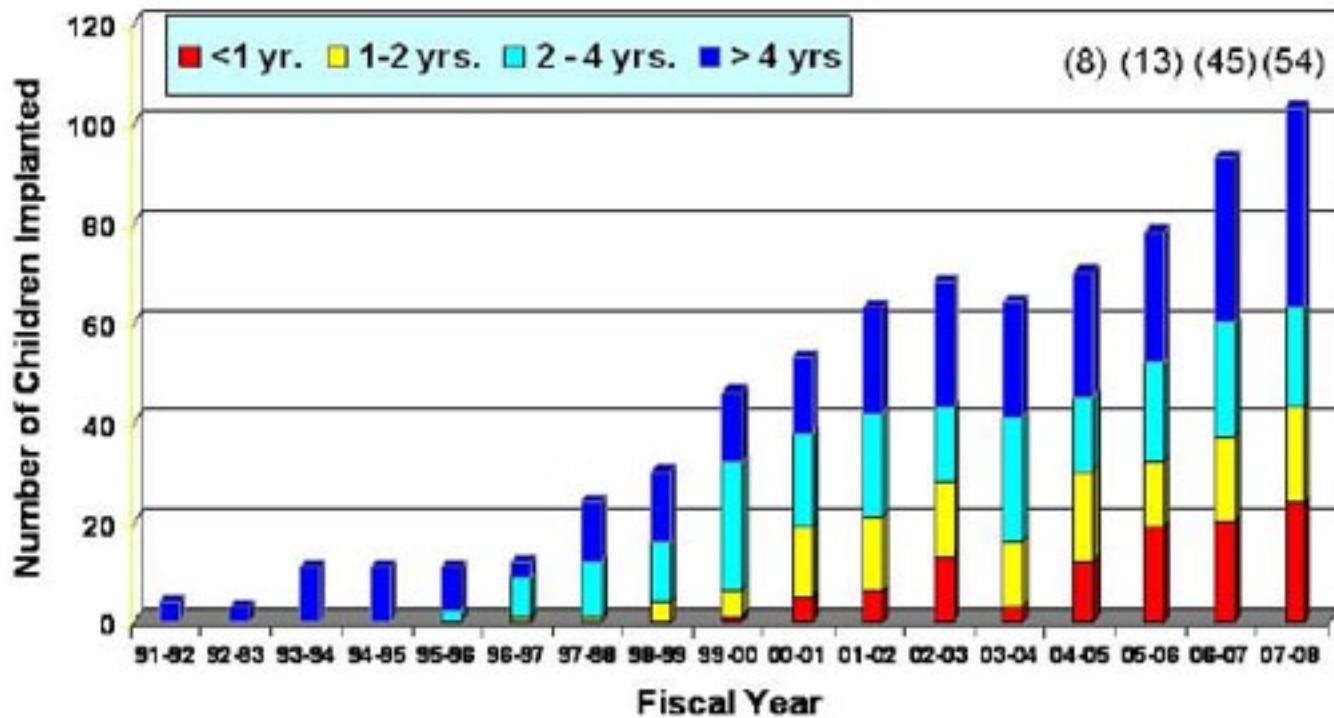


Capitalizing on Auditory Plasticity – Early implantation

- early implantation
- pediatric considerations
 - evaluative process
 - post-op therapy
 - anesthesia
 - surgery



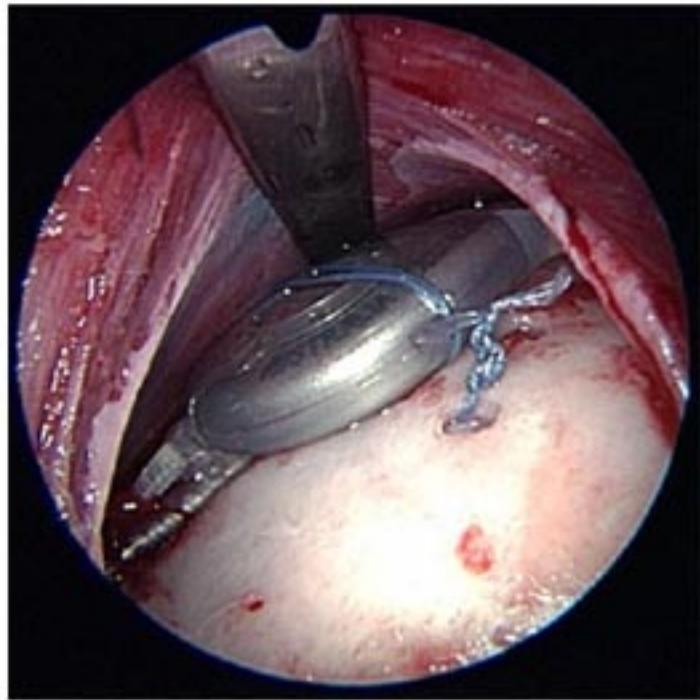
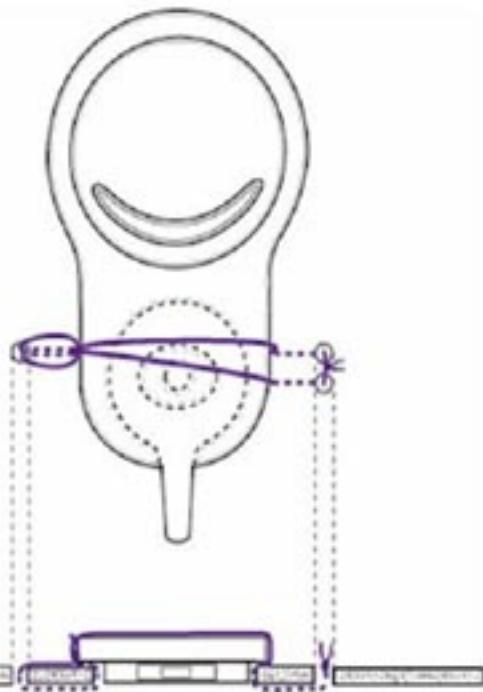
Annual Cochlear Implants by Age



Small Incision



Tie-down Technique



Infant Surgical Technique

- short surgical procedure (1.5 hrs)
 - success in cochleovestibular anomalies
- >600 implants (3476 yrs)
 - soft tissue complication (1.9%)
 - uncommon device failure (3.1%)
 - $\frac{1}{4}$ hard – $\frac{3}{4}$ soft!!
 - no post operative meningitis



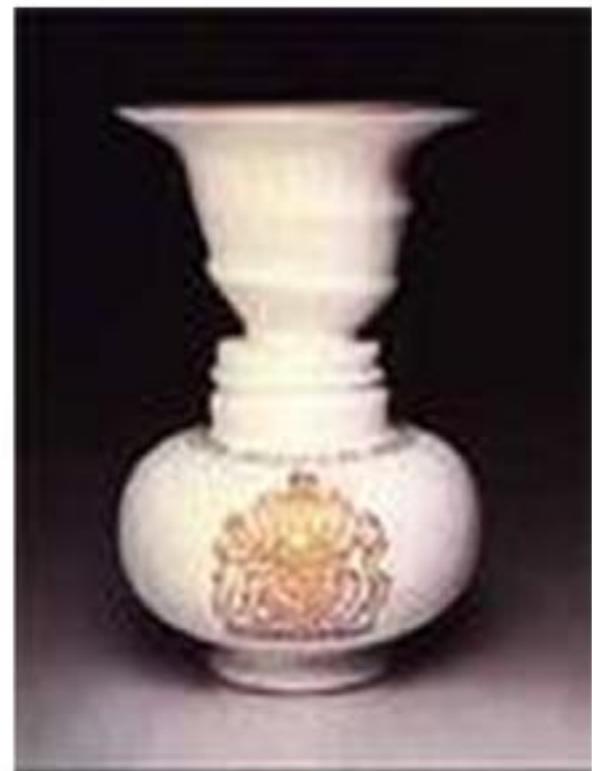
Conclusions - I

- the developing auditory system is plastic
 - within “critical periods”
- early detection and implantation are optimal
 - for acquisition of speech and language



Is the Auditory System Fully Awakened?

- inability to localize sound
- difficulties understanding speech in noise



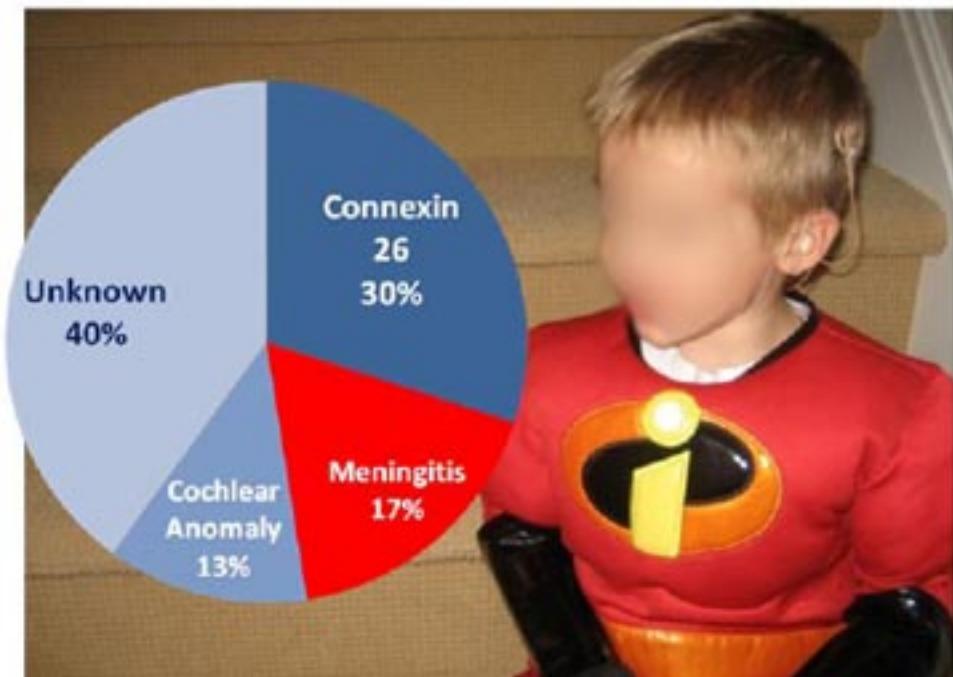
Bilateral Cochlear Implantation: Are Objections Legitimate?

- sanctity of the other ear
 - vs. critical period for binaural development
- limited cost-effectiveness
 - only a factor until device costs decrease
- surgical safety
 - no evidentiary support

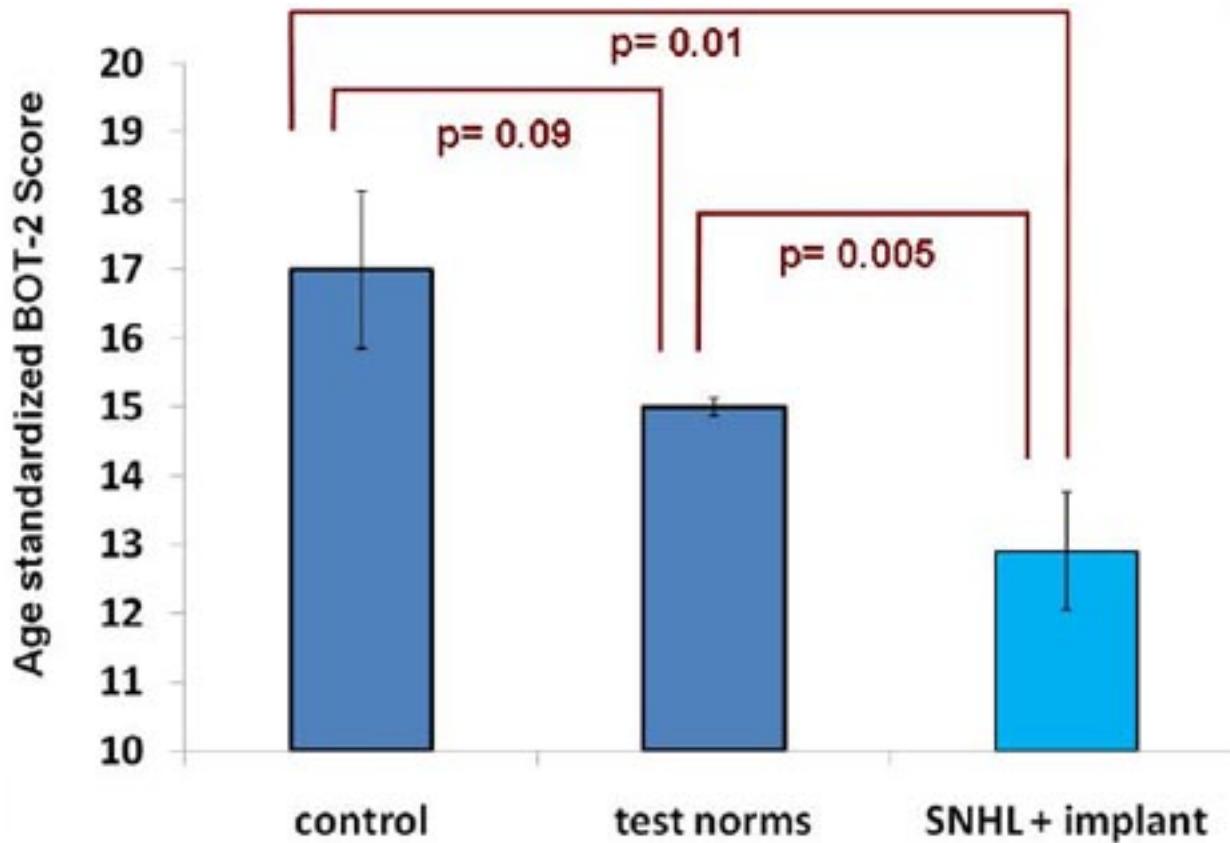


Vestibular Safety

- 40 children – Unilateral CI
- Mean age: 9 yrs (3 to 17.8)



Static and Dynamic Balance



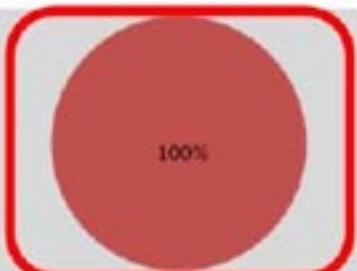


Detección, Diagnóstico Y Tratamiento Precoz de la Sordera en la Infancia, Madrid – Feb. 22, 2008

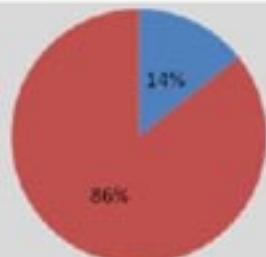
■ Abnormal ■ Normal

CALORIC

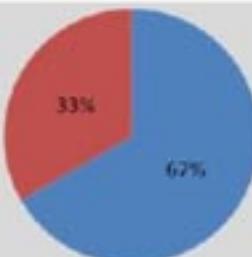
MENINGITIS



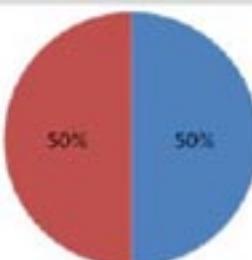
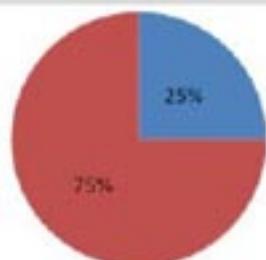
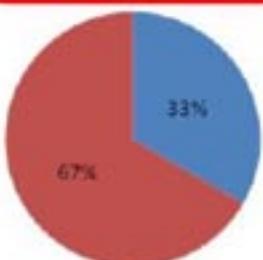
ROTATIONAL



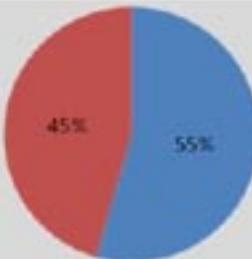
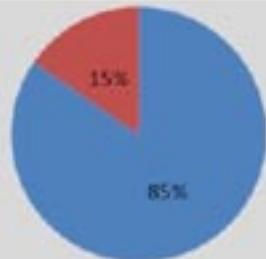
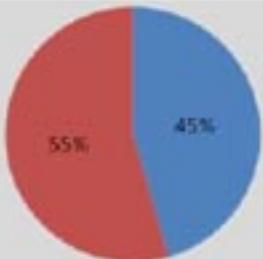
SACCULAR



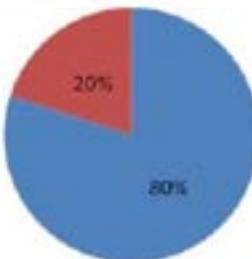
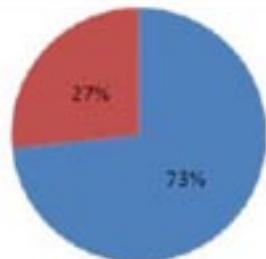
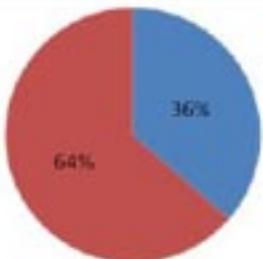
ABNORMAL COCHLEA



CONNEXIN 26

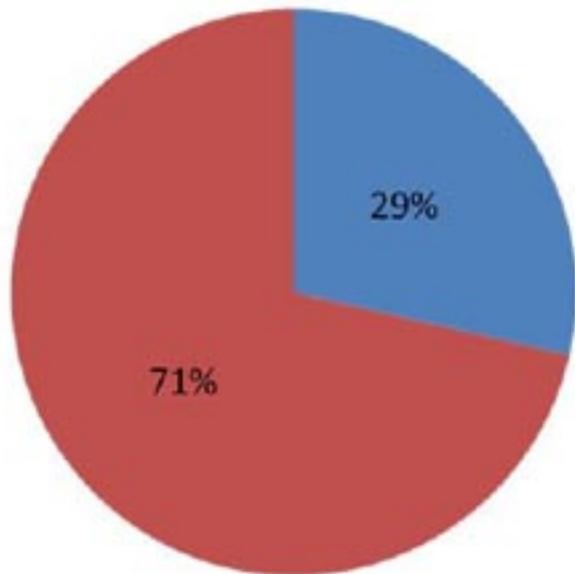


UNKNOWN

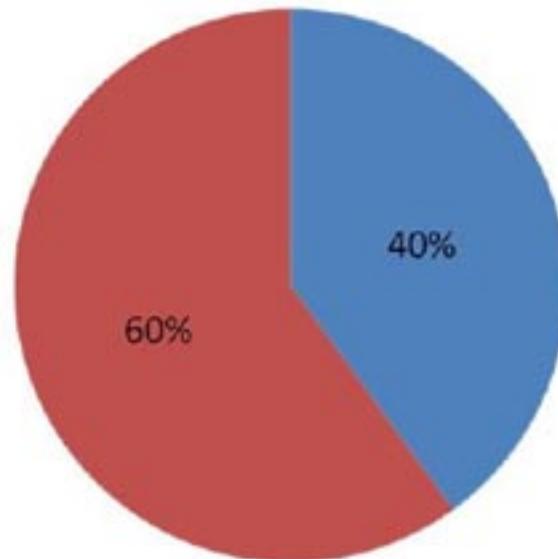


Impact of Implantation

Implanted Unimplanted



P=0.16



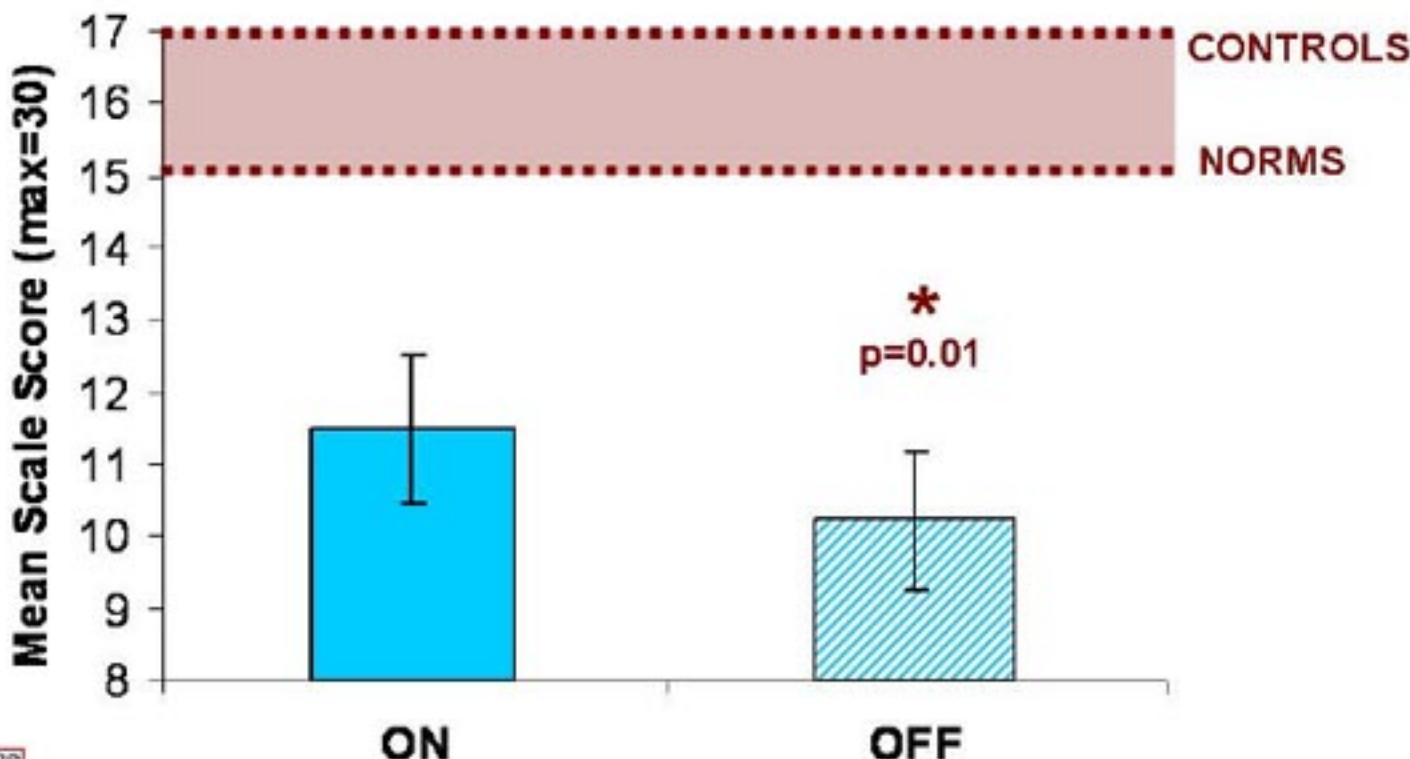
P=0.19

Vestibular Summary

- incidence
 - 35 to 40%
- insignificant effect of implantation
- post meningitis are clinically fine

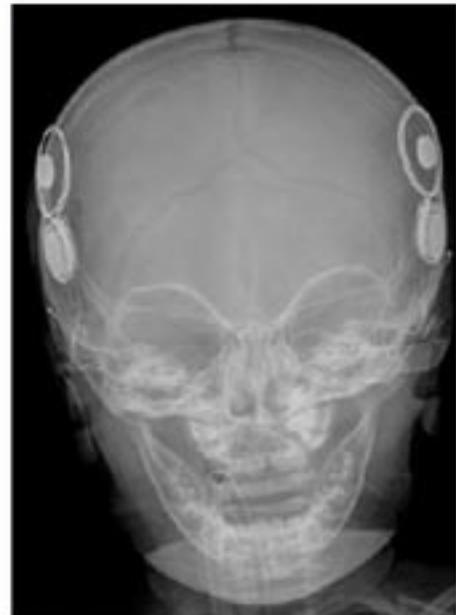


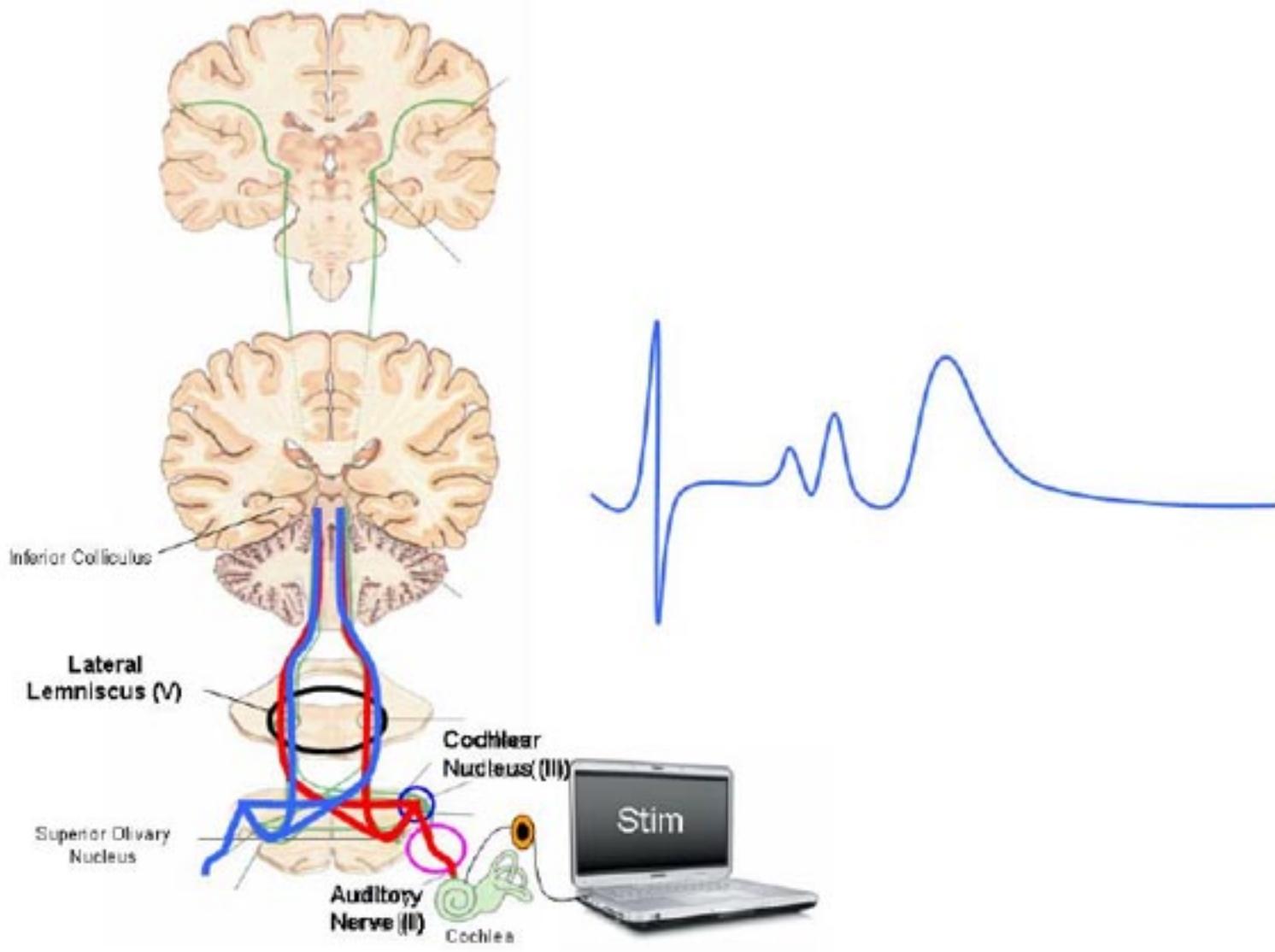
Implant ON vs. OFF



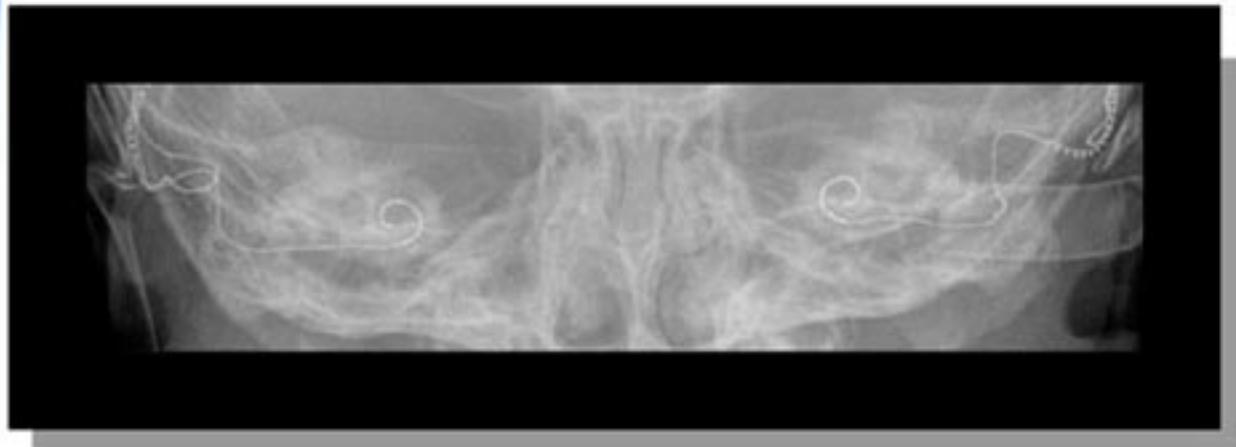
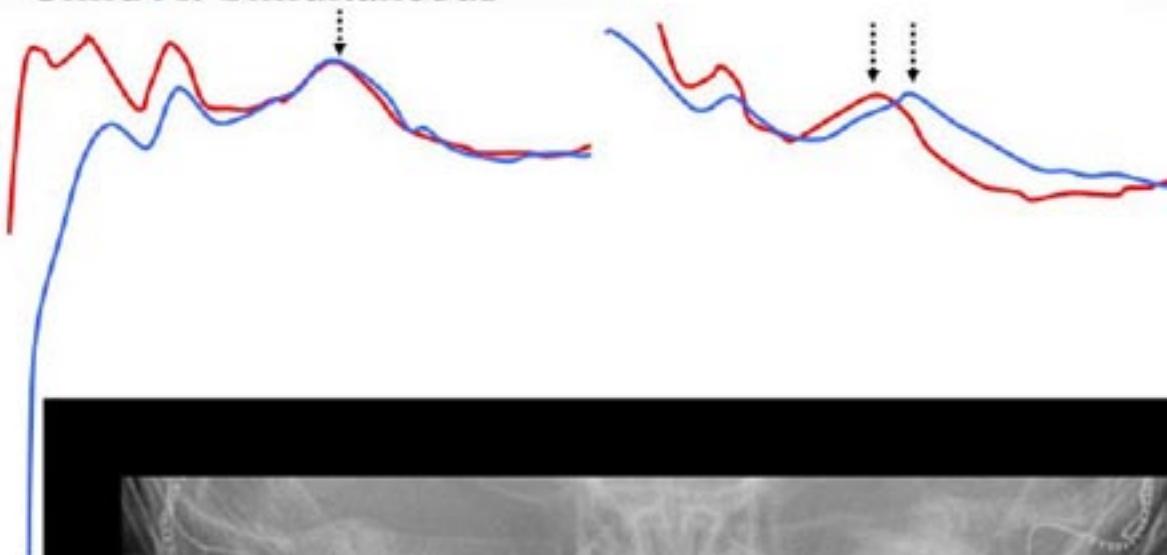
Prospective Study of Bilateral Implantation

- homogenous group < 2 yrs at implant
 - sequentially implanted > 2 yrs apart
 - sequentially implanted > 6 -12 months apart
 - simultaneously implanted at 1 year of age



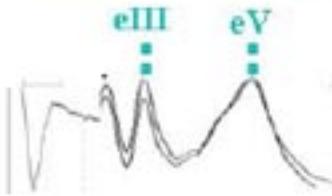
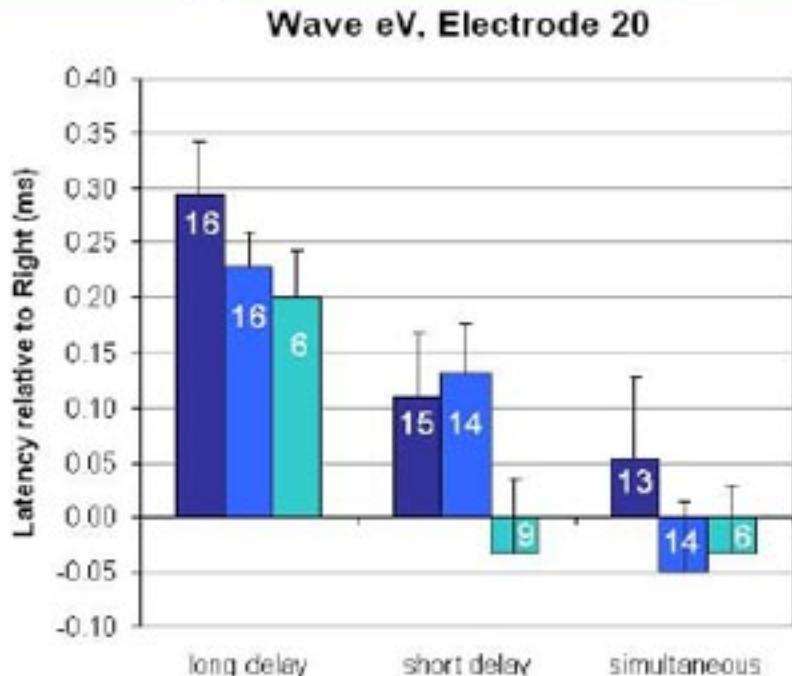


Child A: Simultaneous



Prolonged Responses in Newly Implanted Ears

■ Device activation ■ 3 months bilateral use ■ 9 months bilateral use

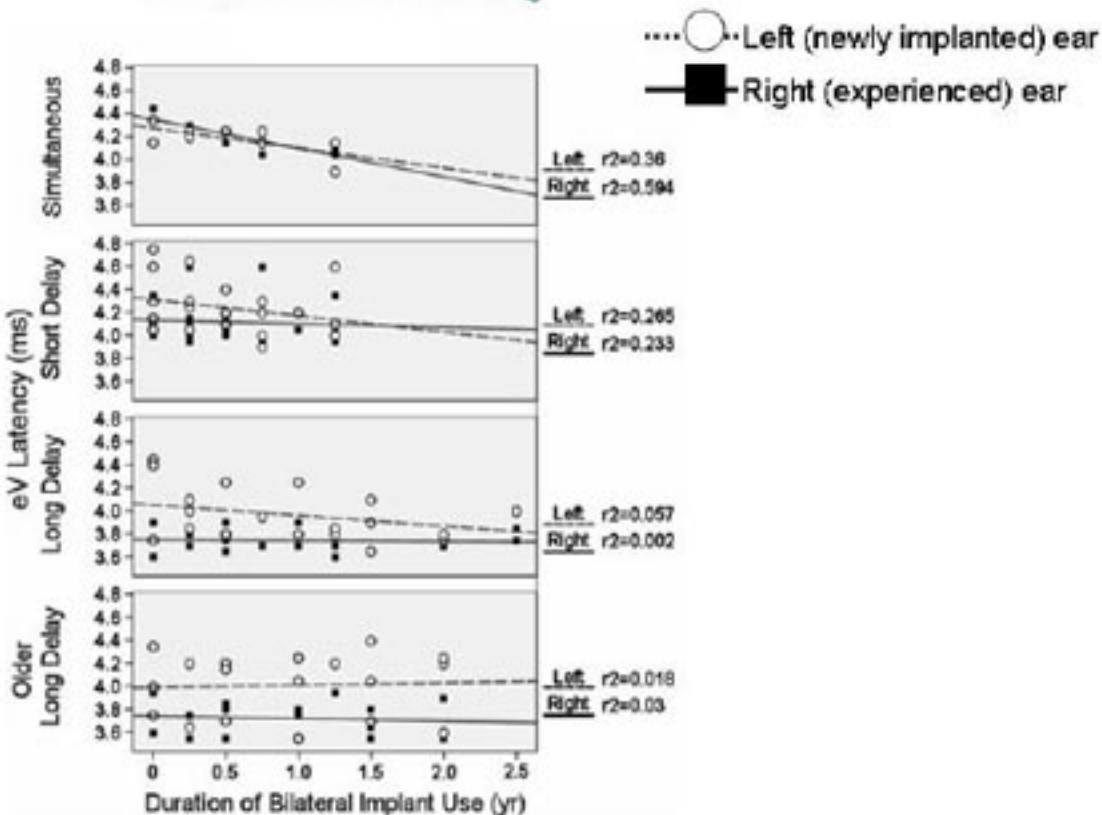


Gordon, et al., Otology & NeuroOtolgy, 2007

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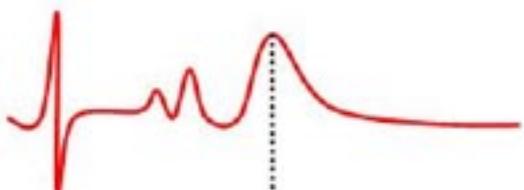
Outcomes of the first 13 children

Wave eV Latency

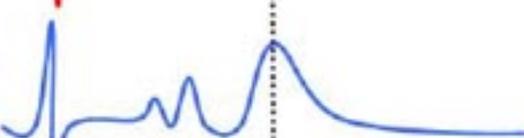


What's happening binaurally?

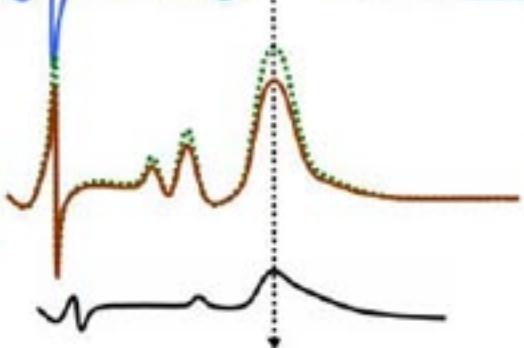
Right Stimulation



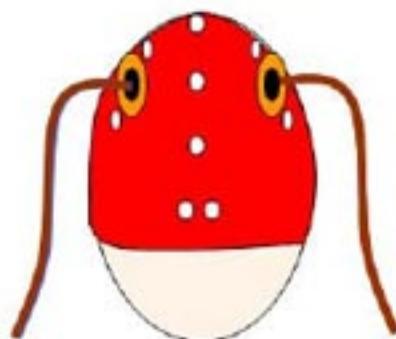
Left Stimulation



Left + Right Added

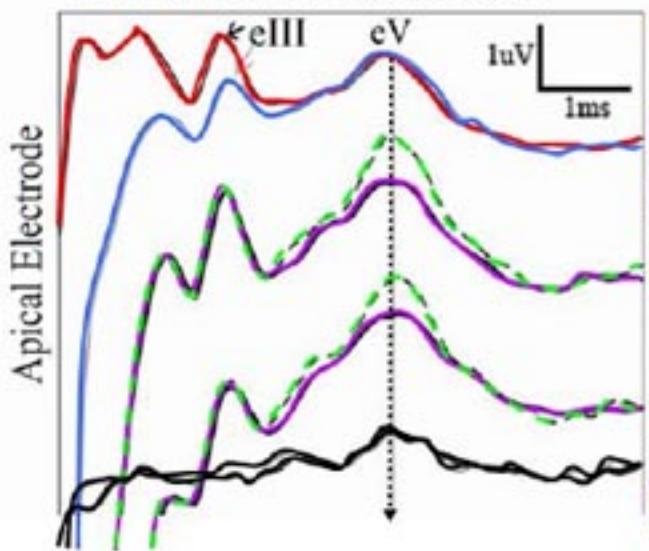


Binaural Stimulation

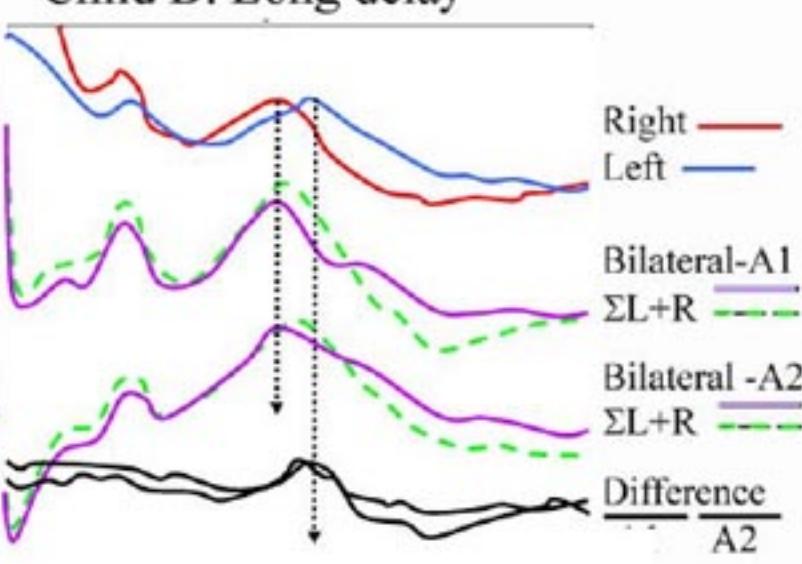


Binaural Interaction

Child A: Simultaneous



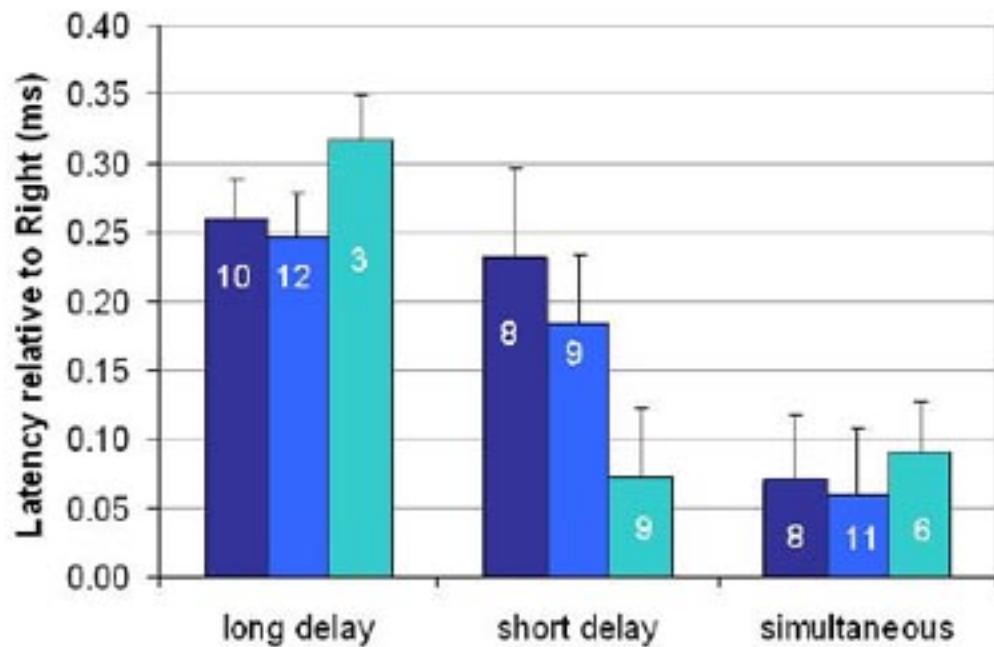
Child B: Long delay



Right — Red
Left — Blue
Bilateral-A1 — Purple
 $\Sigma L+R$ — Green
Bilateral -A2 — Purple
 $\Sigma L+R$ — Green
Difference — A2

Prolonged Binaural Difference Wave

■ Device activation ■ 3 months bilateral use ■ 9 months bilateral use



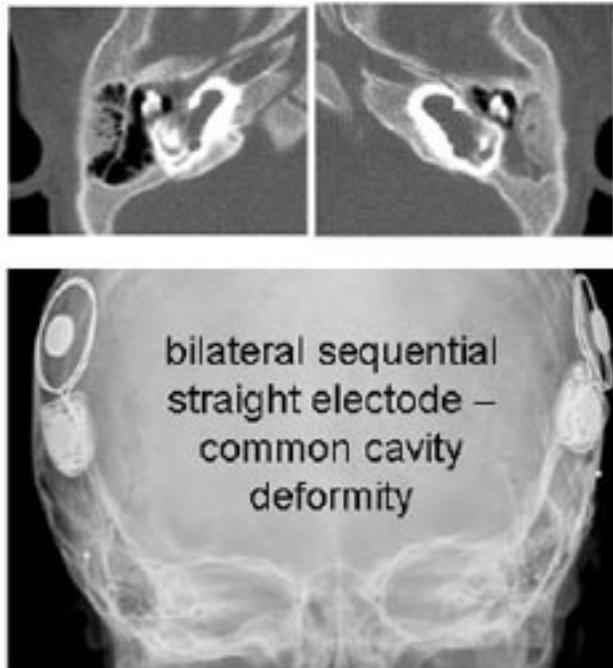
Bilateral Surgery

- bilateral prep
- speed with care
 - blood loss
 - anaesthesia
- technique unchanged



Bilateral Surgery in Infants

- started with sequentials* then simultaneous
 - normal anatomy
 - decreased age
 - mild anomalies
 - gross anomalies
 - developmental delay

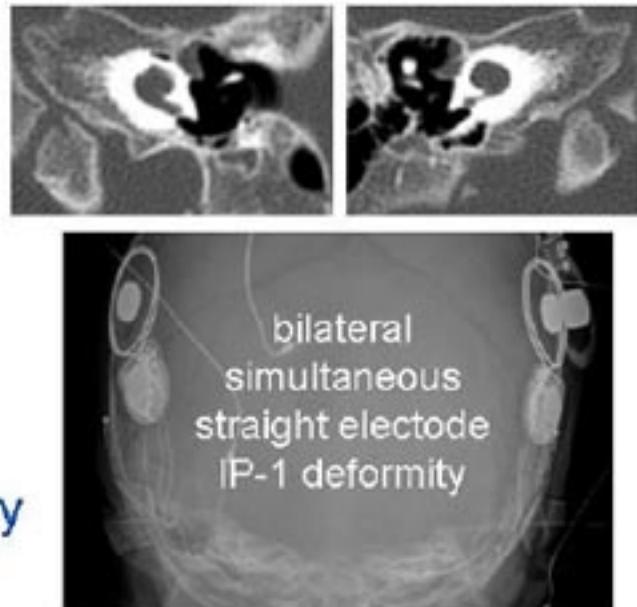


Who Wants Two?

- 1 year, 91 implants, 75 children
- exclusions
 - 23 sequential
 - 4 revision
 - 4 out of catchment

Who Wants Two? (II)

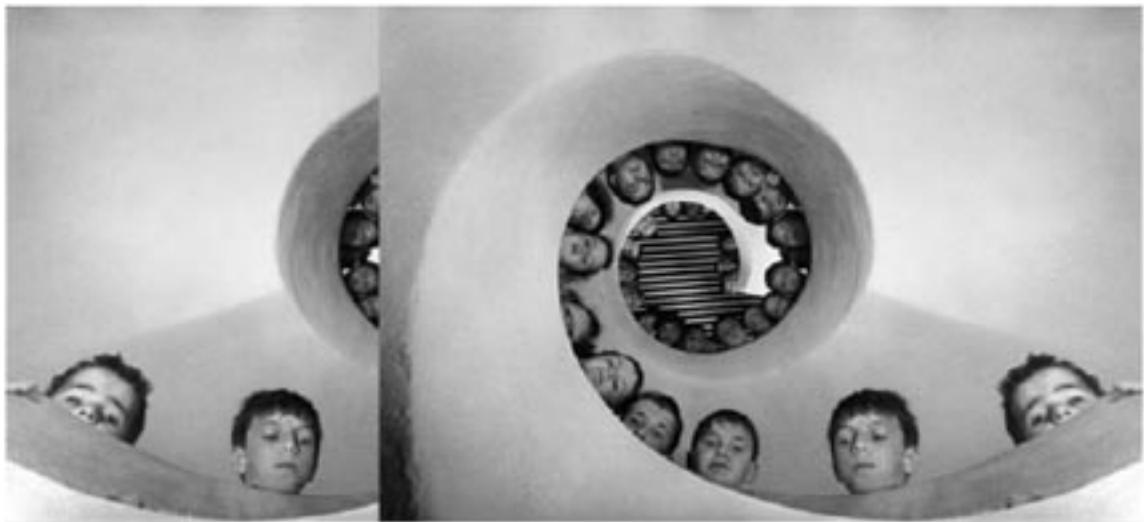
- 44 eligible for bilateral simultaneous
 - 16 (37%) bilateral
 - 28 (63%) unilateral
 - 8 borderline hearing
 - 8 multiple handicap/
developmental delay
 - 1 cochleovestibular anomaly
 - 5 parents refused!



Conclusions - II

- the developing auditory system is plastic
 - within “critical periods”
- simultaneous or short sequential cochlear implantation are optimal
 - for establishing binaural fusion





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